

Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund

ARSN 156 292 625

Financial report
for the year ended 30 June 2014

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This financial report covers the Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund (ARSN 156 292 625) as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of the Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund is:
Bennelong Funds Management Ltd (ABN 39 111 214 085) (AFSL 296806)

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:
Bennelong House, Ground Floor, 9 Queen Street, Melbourne VIC 3000.

Directors' Report

The directors of Bennelong Funds Management Ltd, the Responsible Entity of Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial report of the Fund, for the year ended 30 June 2014.

Principal activities

The Fund invests in authorised investments in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution. The Fund did not have any employees during the year. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund at 30 June 2014 are detailed below:

Service	Provider
Responsible Entity	Bennelong Funds Management Ltd
Investment Manager	Kardinia Capital Pty Ltd
Custodian and Prime Broker	UBS AG Australia Branch
Cash Custodian	BNP Paribas Securities Services
Administrator	TMF Fund Services (Aust) Pty Ltd
Statutory Auditor	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Bennelong Funds Management Ltd during the period or since the end of the period and up to the date of this report:

Bruce Loveday	Chairman
Stephen Rix	
Elizabeth Flynn	
Jarrod Brown	Resigned 21 May 2014
Chris Cunningham	Resigned 30 October 2013
Malcolm Gray	Resigned 30 October 2013
Peter Polson	Resigned 28 October 2013

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest funds in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution and in accordance with the investment policies as set out in the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

Results

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Net operating profit before financing costs attributable to unitholders	<u>7,162,063</u>	<u>4,635,008</u>

The distributions for the year were as follows:

	2014		2013	
	\$	cpu	\$	cpu
Distributions				
Interim Distribution - 31 December	550,000	0.47	1,048,057	2.62
Full Year Distribution - 30 June	<u>4,386,781</u>	<u>3.61</u>	<u>1,221,168</u>	<u>1.84</u>
	<u>4,936,781</u>		<u>2,269,225</u>	

Directors' Report

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

There has been no matter or circumstance since 30 June 2014 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of the affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Fund and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Fund.

Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of the Responsible Entity. So long as the officers of the Responsible Entity act in accordance with the Fund Constitution and the law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

Indemnity of auditor

The auditor of the Fund is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial report.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of Bennelong Funds Management Ltd during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by Bennelong Funds Management Ltd or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial report.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 6 to the financial report.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities are disclosed on the Statement of Financial Position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial report.

Environmental regulation

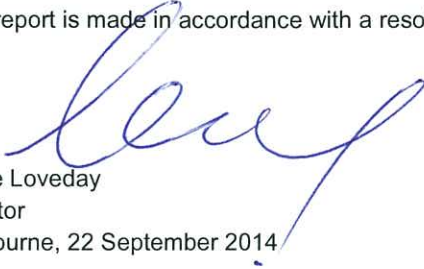
The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Directors' Report

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Bennelong Funds Management Ltd.



Bruce Loveday
Director

Melbourne, 22 September 2014

The Board of Directors
Bennelong Funds Management Limited
Ground Floor
9 Queen Street
MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Directors

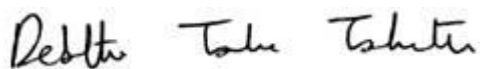
Independence Declaration – Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund

In accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of Bennelong Funds Management Limited, the Responsible Entity, regarding the annual financial report for Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund.

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements of Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2014, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Neil Brown
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Melbourne, 22 September 2014

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2014

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2014 \$	Year ended 30 June 2013 \$
Investment income			
Interest income		1,704,716	1,084,594
Dividend income		2,228,561	732,392
Net (loss)/profit on financial instruments held for trading	5	(1,665,839)	350,369
Net profit on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	5	10,030,883	4,847,732
Other income		-	15,031
Total investment income		12,298,321	7,030,118
Expenses			
Dividend expense		(1,388,983)	(250,293)
Management fees	14	(1,813,799)	(677,921)
Performance fees	14	(1,708,803)	(1,317,618)
Transaction costs		(85,629)	(39,737)
Other expenses		(139,044)	(109,541)
Total expenses		(5,136,258)	(2,395,110)
Operating profit attributable to unitholders		7,162,063	4,635,008
Finance costs attributable to unitholders			
Distributions to unitholders	7	(4,936,781)	(2,269,225)
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	6	(2,225,282)	(2,365,783)
Profit for the year		-	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2014

	Notes	30 June 2014 \$	30 June 2013 \$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	26,000,000	1,238,725
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	9	129,068,595	73,523,233
Financial assets held for trading	9	79,425	9,400
Receivables	10	911,793	387,082
Total assets		156,059,813	75,158,440
Liabilities			
Prime Broker overdraft facility		7,071,762	-
Applications pending		566,842	345,000
Redemptions pending		4,744,739	127,077
Distributions payable		4,386,781	1,221,168
Payables	11	632,584	1,212,945
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	12	6,926,160	3,137,652
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		24,328,868	6,043,842
Net assets attributable to unitholders	6	131,730,945	69,114,598
Liabilities attributable to unitholders		(131,730,945)	(69,114,598)
Net assets		-	-

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2014

	Year ended 30 June 2014	Year ended 30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Total equity at the beginning of the year	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	-	-
Total equity at the end of the year	-	-

Under Australian Accounting Standards, Net assets attributable to unitholders is classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the start or end of the year.

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2014

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2014 \$	Year ended 30 June 2013 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss		353,424,686	108,303,302
Purchase of financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss		(396,886,521)	(148,295,651)
Dividends received		2,105,964	693,134
Interest received		1,406,151	1,057,160
GST paid		(27,650)	(21,632)
Management and performance fees paid		(4,404,697)	(991,559)
Dividends paid		(1,103,483)	(137,543)
Other expenses paid		(284,338)	(122,784)
Other income received		-	15,030
Net cash outflow from operating activities	15(a)	(45,769,888)	(39,500,543)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		92,940,240	65,959,337
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(28,590,055)	(27,320,824)
Distributions paid		(890,784)	(947,063)
Net cash inflow from financing activities		63,459,401	37,691,450
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		17,689,513	(1,809,093)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,238,725	3,047,818
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	8	18,928,238	1,238,725

Non-cash financing and operating activities are disclosed in note 15(c)

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Financial Report

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1. General Information

These financial statements cover the Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 29 November 2005. The Fund commenced operations on 1 May 2006.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Bennelong Funds Management Limited (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Bennelong House, Ground Floor, 9 Queen Street Melbourne, VIC 3000.

The Investment Manager of the Fund is Kardinia Capital Pty Ltd.

The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The principal activity of the Fund during the year was the investment of unitholders' funds as per the objectives stated in the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution. There has been no significant change in the nature of this activity during the year.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors on 22 September 2014.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of this financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Interpretations and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia.

The financial report is prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The Statement of Financial Position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months after the end of each reporting year in relation to these balances cannot be reliably determined.

Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial report of the Fund also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(b) New accounting standards and interpretations

The Fund adopted all new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current year.

(i) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

The Fund has applied the amendments contained in AASB 2012-2 "Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" for the first time in the reporting period. The amendments require entities to disclose information about rights of offset and related arrangements under an enforceable master netting agreement or similar agreement. The amendment has been applied retrospectively.

As the Fund does not have any offsetting arrangements in place, the application of the amendments has had no material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts recognised in the financial report.

The Fund has applied AASB-13 "Fair Value Measurement" and AASB 2011-8 "Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 13". AASB 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. AASB 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk. AASB 13 requires prospective application from 1 July 2013.

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) New accounting standards and interpretations (continued)

(i) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund (continued)

The application of AASB 13 has not had any material impact on the amounts recognised in the financial report, but has resulted in additional disclosures.

The Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is considered as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Where there is no quoted price in an active market, the Fund uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant and observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

(ii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2014 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Fund. The directors' assessment of the impact of these new standards (to the extent relevant to the Fund) and interpretations is set out below:

AASB 9 Financial Instruments (2009 or 2010 version), AASB 2009-11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9, AASB 2010-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010), AASB 2012-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Mandatory Effective Date of AASB 9 and Transition Disclosures and AASB 2013-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Conceptual Framework, Materiality and Financial Instruments (effective from 1 January 2018).

AASB 9 Financial Instruments addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It has now also introduced revised rules around hedge accounting. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2018 but is available for early adoption. The directors do not expect this to have a significant impact on the recognition and measurement of the Fund's financial instruments as they are carried at fair value through profit or loss. The derecognition rules have not been changed from the previous requirements and the Fund does not apply hedge accounting. The Fund has not yet decided when to adopt AASB 9.

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, short term overdraft facility with Prime Broker, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are not subject to a significant risk of change in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

(d) Receivables

Receivables include amounts where settlement has not yet occurred, and include outstanding settlements on the sale of investments. Receivables are recognised and carried at their original amounts and subsequently at amortised cost less impairment. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. Trades are recorded on trade date and normally settled within three business days. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired include significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter into bankruptcy or financial reorganization and default in payments.

(f) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Fund's investments are categorised as at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise:

- Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition
These include financial assets and financial liabilities (which include short sold equities) that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. These are investments in listed equity securities and term deposits.
- Financial instruments held for trading
Derivative financial instruments such as futures, forward currency contracts, options and swaps are included under this classification.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the reporting date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets are priced at current bid prices, while financial liabilities are priced at current asking prices.

Details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in Note 3(e).

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(g) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any buy spread, payable upon application for units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any sell spread payable upon redemption of units.

(h) Distributions

In accordance with the Fund's Constitution, the Fund distributes income adjusted for amounts determined by the Responsible Entity to unitholders by cash or through reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Payables

Payables are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received whether or not billed to the Fund, and include outstanding settlements on the purchase of investments. Amounts are generally paid within 30 days of being recorded as payables.

(j) Net assets attributable to unitholders

In accordance with AASB-132 "Financial Statements: Presentation", unitholders' funds are classified as a financial liability and disclosed as such in the Statement of Financial Position, being referred to as "Net assets attributable to unitholders". Unitholders' funds are classified as a liability as the units can be redeemed from the Fund at any valuation point for cash. The fair value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the reporting date if unitholders exercised their right to put the units back to the Fund. Changes in the value of this financial liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as they arise.

(k) Investment income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income using the accruals method. Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related withholding tax recorded as an expense.

(l) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees, are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

(m) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders

Non distributable income is included in net assets attributable to unitholders and may consist of unrealised changes in the net fair value of financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial instruments, accrued income not yet assessable, expenses provided or accrued for which are not yet deductible, net capital losses and tax free or tax deferred income. Net capital gains on the realisation of any financial instruments (including any adjustments for tax deferred income previously taken directly to net assets attributable to unitholders) and accrued income not yet assessable will be included in the determination of distributable income in the same year in which it becomes assessable for tax. Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as finance costs.

(n) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided that unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Fund.

(o) Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as custodial services and investment management fees has been passed on to the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%; hence investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Payables are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Use of estimates

From time to time the Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. As at 30 June 2014 there are no material estimates (2013: nil).

3. Financial risk management

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including price risk and interest rate risk) arising from the financial instruments it holds. The Responsible Entity has outsourced the investment management for managing these risks to the Investment Manager who does so through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring.

Risks are measured using a method that reflects the expected impact on the results and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund from reasonably foreseeable changes in the relevant risk variables. Information about these risk exposures at the reporting date, measured on this basis, is disclosed below. Information about the total fair value of financial instruments exposed to risk, as well as compliance with established investment mandate limits, is also monitored by the Responsible Entity. These mandate limits reflect the investment strategy and market environment of the Fund, as well as the level of risk that the Responsible Entity is willing to accept.

This information is prepared and regularly reported to relevant parties within the Responsible Entity.

As part of its risk management strategy, the Fund may use derivatives to manage certain risk exposures.

Concentrations of risk arise when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

In order to avoid excessive concentration of risk, the Fund monitors its exposure to ensure concentrations of risk remain within acceptable levels and either reduces exposure or uses derivative instruments to manage the excessive risk concentrations when they arise.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates and equity prices. The Fund's investment activities are undertaken in accordance with established mandate limits and investment strategies.

(i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. These investments are classified in the Statement of Financial Position at fair value through profit or loss. Except for equities sold short, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. Possible losses from equities sold short can be unlimited.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Fund's interest bearing financial assets and financial liabilities expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The Fund has established limits on investments in interest bearing assets, which are monitored on a daily basis. The Fund may use derivatives to hedge against unexpected increases in interest rates and/or multiple rollover dates for debt instruments to manage repricing risk. The interest rate risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The table on page 19 summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by their maturity dates.

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Fund has the right to invest in non-AUD denominated listed equities, therefore exposing the Fund to foreign exchange risk.

Any non-AUD denominated investments are translated using the spot rate at balance sheet date. Non-AUD denominated income is translated at the prevailing spot rate on the date of receipt.

As at 30 June 2014, the foreign exchange risk was immaterial.

30 June 2014	Floating Interest Rate \$	Fixed interest rate			Non – interest bearing \$	Total \$
		3 months or less \$	4 to 12 months \$	Over 12 months \$		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	26,000,000	-	-	-	26,000,000
Receivables	-	-	-	-	911,793	911,793
Financial assets designated as fair value through profit and loss	-	-	50,000,000	-	79,068,595	129,068,595
Financial assets held for trading	-	-	-	-	79,425	79,425
Total Assets	-	26,000,000	50,000,000	-	80,059,813	156,059,813
Liabilities						
Prime Broker overdraft facility	(7,071,762)	-	-	-	-	(7,071,762)
Distribution payable	-	-	-	-	(4,386,781)	(4,386,781)
Payables	-	-	-	-	(632,584)	(632,584)
Applications pending	-	-	-	-	(566,842)	(566,842)
Redemptions pending	-	-	-	-	(4,744,739)	(4,744,739)
Financial liabilities designated as fair value through profit and loss	-	-	-	-	(6,926,160)	(6,926,160)
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	(7,071,762)	-	-	-	(17,257,106)	(24,328,868)
Net exposure	(7,071,762)	26,000,000	50,000,000	-	62,802,707	131,730,945

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

30 June 2013	Floating Interest Rate \$	Fixed interest rate			Non – interest bearing \$	Total \$
		3 months or less \$	4 to 12 months \$	Over 12 months \$		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,238,725	-	-	-	-	1,238,725
Receivables	-	-	-	-	387,082	387,082
Financial assets designated as fair value through profit and loss	-	15,000,000	26,000,000	-	32,523,233	73,523,233
Financial assets held for trading	-	-	-	-	9,400	9,400
Total Assets	1,238,725	15,000,000	26,000,000	-	32,919,715	75,158,440
Liabilities						
Prime Broker overdraft facility	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution payable	-	-	-	-	(1,221,168)	(1,221,168)
Payables	-	-	-	-	(1,212,945)	(1,212,945)
Applications pending	-	-	-	-	(345,000)	(345,000)
Redemptions pending	-	-	-	-	(127,077)	(127,077)
Financial liabilities designated as fair value through profit and loss	-	-	-	-	(3,137,652)	(3,137,652)
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	-	-	-	-	(6,043,842)	(6,043,842)
Net exposure	1,238,725	15,000,000	26,000,000	-	26,875,873	69,114,598

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders to price and interest rate risk. The movements in the risk variables have been determined based on the Investment Manager's and the Responsible Entity's best estimates, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in the correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may differ due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables. The price risk variables relate to a weighted average percentage movement in the price of net equities owned at 30 June 2014.

	Impact on operating profit / net assets attributable to unitholders			
	Price risk		Interest rate risk	
	-10%	+10%	-1%	+1%
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2014	(7,143,983)	7,143,983	(689,282)	689,282
30 June 2013	(2,938,558)	2,938,558	(422,387)	422,387

(c) Credit risk

Credit (or counterparty) risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to perform contractual obligations and cause the Fund to incur a financial loss.

The Fund's maximum credit risk exposure at reporting date in relation to each class of recognised financial asset, other than equity and derivative financial instruments, is the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the Statement of Financial Position. This does not represent the maximum risk exposure that could arise in the future as a result of changes in values, but represents the current maximum exposure at the reporting date.

In relation to equity and derivative financial instruments, credit risk arises from the potential failure of counterparties to meet their obligations under the contract or arrangement. The risk associated with these contracts is minimised by undertaking transactions with counterparties on recognised exchanges, or, where applicable, ensuring that transactions are undertaken with a large number of counterparties.

Credit risk arising from derivative financial instruments is, at any time, limited to those with positive fair values.

There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired.

Counterparty credit limits and the list of authorised brokers are reviewed by the relevant parties on a regular basis as deemed appropriate. At 30 June 2014, the Fund's counterparties had the following ratings:

30 June 2014

Counterparty	Standard & Poor's Rating
UBS AG Australia Branch	"A"
Bank of Melbourne	"A-"
National Australia Bank	"AA-"

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

30 June 2013

Counterparty	Standard & Poor's Rating
UBS AG Australia Branch	"A"
Westpac Bank	"AA-"
National Australia Bank	"AA-"
Australia and New Zealand Bank	"AA-"

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the Responsible Entity monitors the Fund's credit position on a regular basis. This information and the compliance with the Fund's policy is reported to the relevant parties on a regular basis.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial assets and liabilities. Cash flow risk is the risk that future cash flows associated with financial instruments will fluctuate in amount or timing.

These risks are controlled through the Fund's investment in financial instruments, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash. In addition, the Fund maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements.

Financial liabilities of the Fund comprise prime broker overdraft facility, trade and other payables, distributions payable and net assets attributable to unitholders. Trade and other payables and distributions payable have no contractual maturities but are typically settled within 30 days of the obligation arising.

The table below details the Fund's financial liabilities into the relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at reporting date to the contractual maturity date.

	Less than 1 month	1-12 months	Greater than 12 months	No stated maturity
At 30 June 2014				
Applications pending	(566,842)	-	-	-
Redemptions pending	(4,744,739)	-	-	-
Distributions payable	(4,386,781)	-	-	-
Payables	(632,584)	-	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	(6,926,160)
Net assets attributable to unit holders	(131,730,945)	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities - Contractual cash flows	(142,061,891)			(6,926,160)

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

	Less than 1 month	1-12 months	Greater than 12 months	No stated maturity
At 30 June 2013				
Applications pending	(345,000)	-	-	-
Redemptions pending	(127,077)	-	-	-
Distributions payable	(1,221,168)	-	-	-
Payables	(1,212,945)	-	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	(3,137,652)
Net assets attributable to unit holders	<u>(69,114,598)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total financial liabilities - Contractual cash flows	<u>(72,020,788)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,137,652)</u>

(e) Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Fund assets and liabilities at the end of each reporting period approximate their fair values.

Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss are measured initially at fair value including any transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price. When the Fund holds derivatives with offsetting market risks, it uses mid-market prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions and applies this bid or ask price to the net open position, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The carrying value less impairment provision of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate which is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

(f) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgement by the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and not provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The table below sets out the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2014.

30 June 2014	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Instruments				
Listed investments - Long	79,068,595	-	-	79,068,595
Listed investments - Short	(6,926,160)	-	-	(6,926,160)
Term deposits	50,000,000	-	-	50,000,000
Derivative held for trading Futures	79,425	-	-	79,425
	<u>122,221,860</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>122,221,860</u>

30 June 2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Instruments				
Listed investments - Long	32,523,233	-	-	32,523,233
Listed investments - Short	(3,137,652)	-	-	(3,137,652)
Term deposits	-	41,000,000	-	41,000,000
Derivative held for trading Futures	9,400	-	-	9,400
	<u>29,394,981</u>	<u>41,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>70,394,981</u>

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed equities and exchange traded derivatives.

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include over-the-counter derivatives. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect liquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

At the end of the current financial year, management have transferred the Fund's investment in term deposits from level 2 to level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, on the basis that the prices of these securities are readily available and these securities have sufficient trading frequency in an active market. There were no other transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the financial year.

The Fund's policy is to recognise transfers in and transfers out of fair value hierarchy level as at the end of the reporting period.

4. Auditor's remuneration

During the year, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu conducted the audit of the Fund. The following are the fees paid or payable for services provided by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Fund.

	1 July 2013 30 June 2014	1 July 2012 30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Audit services		
<i>Audit services</i>		
Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu		
Audit of the Financial Report of the Fund	9,000	8,000
Audit of the Half Year Financial Report of the Fund	10,000	-
Audit of the Compliance Plan of the Fund	2,000	2,000
Total remuneration for audit services	21,000	10,000

5. Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit and loss

	1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014	1 July 2012 to 30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Held for Trading		
Net realised (loss)/gain on financial instruments held for trading	(1,735,864)	340,969
Net unrealised gain on financial instruments held for trading	70,025	9,400
Total net (loss)/gains on financial instruments held for trading	(1,665,839)	350,369
Designated as fair value through profit or loss		
Net unrealised gain on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	1,796,176	1,790,984
Net realised gain on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	8,234,707	3,056,748
Total net gains on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	10,030,883	4,847,732

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

6. Net assets attributable to unitholders

The movement in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014	1 July 2012 to 30 June 2013
	Units	Units
Units on issue		
Opening balance	66,031,690	27,102,357
Applications	83,949,740	63,824,798
Redemptions	(29,668,822)	(26,152,277)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	<u>815,391</u>	<u>1,256,812</u>
Closing balance	<u><u>121,127,999</u></u>	<u><u>66,031,690</u></u>

	1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014	1 July 2012 to 30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders		
Opening Balance	69,114,598	27,130,084
Applications	92,718,398	65,689,337
Redemptions	(33,207,717)	(27,367,575)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	880,384	1,296,969
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>2,225,282</u>	<u>2,365,783</u>
Closing Balance	<u><u>131,730,945</u></u>	<u><u>69,114,598</u></u>

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding that 'net assets attributable to unitholders' is classified as a financial liability. Net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Investment Manager. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

7. Distributions to unitholders

The distributions for the year were as follows:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Distributions		
Interim Distribution - 31 December	550,000	1,048,057
Full Year Distribution - 30 June	<u>4,386,781</u>	<u>1,221,168</u>
	<u><u>4,936,781</u></u>	<u><u>2,269,225</u></u>

8. Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2014 \$	30 June 2013 \$
Cash at bank	-	1,238,725
Term Deposits (maturing within 3 months)	26,000,000	-
Prime Broker overdraft facility	<u>(7,071,762)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u><u>18,928,238</u></u>	<u><u>1,238,725</u></u>

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

9. Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Designated at fair value through profit or loss		
Listed equity securities	79,068,595	32,523,233
Term deposits (i)	<u>50,000,000</u>	<u>41,000,000</u>
Total designated at fair value through profit or loss	<u>129,068,595</u>	<u>73,523,233</u>
Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	<u>129,068,595</u>	<u>73,523,233</u>

(i) The Fund holds term deposits returning a fixed rate of interest. The weighted average interest rate on these securities is 3.64% per annum (2013: 4.24%). The term deposits have maturity dates ranging between 3 to 7 months from the end of the reporting period.

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3.

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Classified as held for trading		
Futures	<u>79,425</u>	<u>9,400</u>

10. Receivables

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Interest receivable	549,817	251,252
Dividend receivable	225,237	102,640
GST receivable	60,840	33,190
Other receivable	<u>75,899</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>911,793</u>	<u>387,082</u>

11. Payables

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Management fees payable	177,857	88,134
Performance fees payable	-	971,818
Dividends payable on short sold securities	405,950	120,450
Transaction costs payable	<u>48,777</u>	<u>32,543</u>
	<u>632,584</u>	<u>1,212,945</u>

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

12. Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
Designated at fair value through profit and loss	\$	\$
Listed equities	<u>6,926,160</u>	<u>3,137,652</u>

13. Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are categorised as held for trading. The Fund does not designate any derivatives as a hedging instrument for hedge accounting purposes. Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value. Derivative financial instruments are recognised as assets when their fair value is positive, and as liabilities when their fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are taken directly to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Where the Fund's derivative assets and liabilities are traded on an exchange, they are fair valued based on quoted market prices or binding dealer quotations at the balance date.

(a) Futures

Futures contracts are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. Equity and interest rate futures contracts are fair valued according to the last quoted sale price in the relevant futures exchange at balance date.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments at year end are detailed below:

30 June 2014

	Fair Values		
	Contract/ notional \$	Assets \$	Liabilities \$
Exchange traded futures	<u>(19,675,950)</u>	<u>79,425</u>	<u>-</u>

30 June 2013

	Fair Values		
	Contract/ notional \$	Assets \$	Liabilities \$
Exchange traded futures	<u>(4,881,050)</u>	<u>9,400</u>	<u>-</u>

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

14. Related party transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund is Bennelong Funds Management Ltd (ABN 39 111 214 085) (AFSL 296806). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to Bennelong Funds Management Ltd are disclosed below.

Key management personnel

The following persons held office as directors of the Responsible Entity during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Bruce Loveday	Chairman
Stephen Rix	
Elizabeth Flynn	
Jarrold Brown	Resigned 21 May 2014
Chris Cunningham	Resigned 30 October 2013
Malcolm Gray	Resigned 30 October 2013
Peter Polson	Resigned 28 October 2013

Other key management personnel:

Jeff Phillips	Chief Financial Officer/Company Secretary
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Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by the parent company of the Responsible Entity. Payments made from the Fund to the Responsible Entity do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting year.

Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests existing at year end.

Responsible Entity's/Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and the current Product Disclosure Statement for the Fund, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive fees.

Transactions with related parties have taken place at arm's length and in the ordinary course of business. The transactions during the year and amounts at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity and Investment Manager were as follows:

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
	\$	\$
Management fees	1,813,799	677,921
Performance fees	1,708,803	1,317,618
Aggregate amounts payable to the Responsible Entity at the reporting date	177,857	1,059,952

Key management personnel and related party Fund unitholdings

Key management personnel and parties related to the Fund, including the Responsible Entity, its associates and other schemes managed by Bennelong Funds Management Ltd, held the following units in the Fund at the end of the year:

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

14. Related party transactions (continued)

30 June 2014	Number of Units held	Interest held %	No. of units acquired during the year	No. of units disposed during the year	Distributions paid / payable during the year \$
Iodised Pty Ltd ATF Saltwater Superannuation Fund	219,429	-	-	-	-
BR & JM Loveday ATF Saltwater Superannuation Fund	-	-	-	(219,429)	1,037
CSFDC Pty Ltd ATF The Cunningham Family Trust	74,233	0.06%	1,585	-	3,034
Elizabeth Mary Flynn	80,207	0.07%	1,711	-	3,279
I & HA Rehder ATF Rehder Superannuation Fund	897,596	0.74%	66,122	-	36,463
Mevo Pty Ltd	1,781,044	1.47%	57,757	-	81,918
Windward Capital Pty Ltd	56,541	0.05%	1,206	-	2,311
Windward Capital Pty Ltd ATF S & L Rix Superannuation Fund	56,541	0.05%	1,206	-	2,311
30 June 2013	Number of Units held	Interest held %	No. of units acquired during the year	No. of units disposed during the year	Distributions paid / payable during the year \$
BR & JM Loveday ATF Saltwater Superannuation Fund	214,746	0.33%	-	-	9,436
CSFDC Pty Ltd ATF The Cunningham Family Trust	72,648	0.11%	71,986	-	2,003
Elizabeth Mary Flynn	78,496	0.12%	23,161	-	2,859
I & HA Rehder ATF Rehder Superannuation Fund	831,474	1.26%	-	-	36,537
Jarrod Brown	-	-	-	(215,233)	5,490
Mevo Pty Ltd	1,723,287	1.79%	-	-	84,912
Windward Capital Pty Ltd	55,335	0.08%	-	-	2,432
Windward Capital Pty Ltd ATF S & L Rix Superannuation Fund	55,335	0.08%	-	-	2,432

Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Bennelong Funds Management Ltd or its related parties during the year.

Notes to the Financial Report (continued)

15. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash out flow from operating activities

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
	\$	\$
(a) Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Net profit/(loss)	-	-
Distributions to unitholders	4,936,781	2,269,225
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	2,225,282	2,365,783
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	353,424,686	108,303,302
Purchase of financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	(396,886,521)	(148,295,651)
Net gains on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit and loss and derivative financial instruments	(8,365,044)	(5,198,101)
Net change in receivables and other assets	(524,711)	(90,034)
Net change in payables and other liabilities	(580,361)	1,144,933
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(45,769,888)	(39,500,543)
(b) Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the statement of financial position as follows:		
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>18,928,238</u>	<u>1,238,725</u>
(c) Non-cash financing and investing activities		
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan		
	<u>880,384</u>	<u>1,256,812</u>

16. Events subsequent to reporting date

No significant events have occurred since the reporting date which could impact on the financial report disclosures or the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2014 or on the results of operations and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

17. Prime brokerage arrangements

UBS AG Australia Branch has been appointed Prime Broker for the Fund. The services provided by the Prime Broker may include the provision to the Responsible Entity of borrowing and lending securities, settlement of transactions and cash loans. The assets of the Fund have been charged by the Responsible Entity under the Prime Brokerage Agreement for the Fund.

18. Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

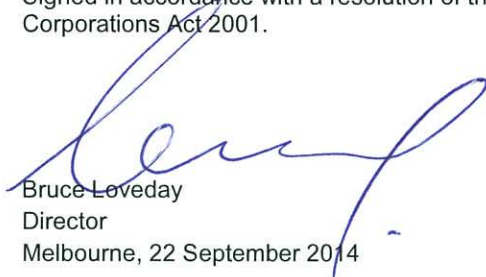
There are no outstanding contingent assets or liabilities for the Fund as at 30 June 2014 (2013: nil).

Directors' Declaration

The directors of the Responsible Entity declare that:

- (a) in the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (b) in the directors' opinion, the attached financial report is in compliance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board interpretations, International Financial Reporting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* as stated in Note 2 to the financial report;
- (c) in the directors' opinion, the attached financial report and notes thereto are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Fund.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of the Responsible Entity made pursuant to s.295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.



Bruce Loveday
Director
Melbourne, 22 September 2014

Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders of Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration in respect of the Fund as set out on pages 7 to 30.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity of Fund (the "directors") are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 2, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control, relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

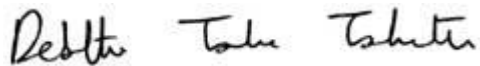
Auditor's Independence Declaration

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Fund, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Bennelong Kardinia Absolute Return Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.
- (b) The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2.



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Neil Brown
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Melbourne, 22 September 2014